

APPLICANT TRACKING SYSTEM

TA-ATS + auth_mcp

A microservices ATS with a central authentication & MFA service

Architecture · Login flow · Setup & run

What is TA-ATS?

1

Microservices

4 independent services + 2 databases — each scales and deploys on its own.

2

Central auth

auth_mcp verifies passwords and runs MFA for any project that plugs in.

3

Role-based access

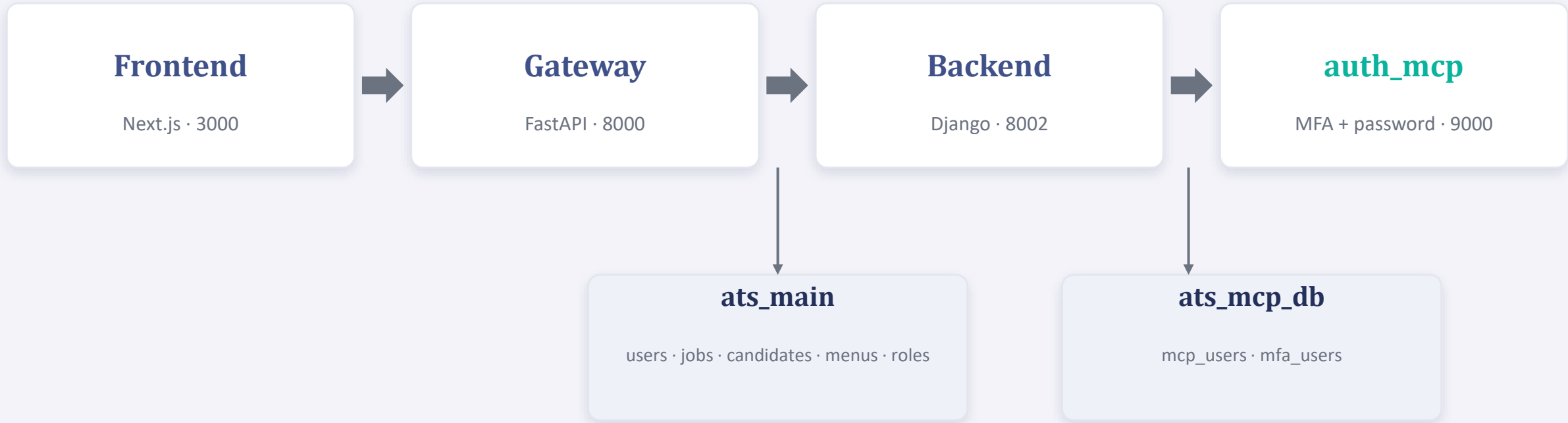
Groups + permissions decide what each user can see and do.

4

Dynamic UI

Sidebar menus are stored in the DB and filtered per user's permissions.

The moving parts



Backend owns ats_main. auth_mcp owns ats_mcp_db. They talk only through MCP tool calls — never each other's DB.

Why a separate auth_mcp?



Reusable

One auth + MFA service any project can plug into — no duplicated login code.



Never stores passwords

It keeps only hashes in `mcp_users` and verifies them; the app checks nothing itself.



Owens the MFA policy

Admin picks one method (Email OTP / Authenticator); the MCP enforces it everywhere.



Self-healing

If a user is valid locally but missing in the MCP, the backend syncs the hash automatically.

Login flow, step by step

- 1 User submits email + password on the Next.js login screen.
- 2 Request travels Frontend → Gateway (8000) → Backend (8002).
- 3 Backend asks auth_mcp to verify the password (mcp_users in ats_mcp_db).
- 4 If password missing but valid locally → self-heal: sync hash to the MCP.
- 5 If MFA is on, auth_mcp emails / checks the OTP (mfa_users).
- 6 Backend issues JWT tokens → dashboard loads → sidebar filtered by permissions.

Two databases, clear roles

ats_main

The app's master data

- Users & accounts (source of truth)
- Jobs, clients, candidates
- Menus, groups & permissions
- Audit logs, password policy

ats_mcp_db

The MCP's private store

- mcp_users — password-hash mirror
- mfa_users — MFA enrolment & OTP
- Rebuilt / re-synced from ats_main
- Backend never queries it directly

Key features



Secure login + MFA

Email OTP or Authenticator, enforced centrally.



Roles & permissions

Groups, per-user grants, admin-managed via UI.



Dynamic sidebar

DB-driven menus, filtered by permission.



Forgot / reset password

3-step email OTP flow.



Password policy

Expiry, history, strength rules.



Professional UI

Velzon theme — light, Poppins, indigo.

Prerequisites & databases

1 · Install once

- Python 3.12+
- Node.js 20+
- PostgreSQL 16 / 18

Folder layout

```
python\  
  auth_mcp\  
    TA-ATS-interns\  (backend, gateway, frontend)
```

2 · Create the databases

```
psql -U postgres -c "CREATE DATABASE ats_main;"  
psql -U postgres -c "CREATE DATABASE ats_mcp_db;"
```

Tables are created automatically later by migrations — you only create the two empty databases here.

Install & run each service

MCP · auth_mcp\ · 9000

```
python -m venv venv
.\venv\Scripts\activate
pip install -r requirements.txt
python server.py
```

Backend · backend\ · 8002

```
pip install -r requirements\base.txt
python manage.py migrate
python manage.py createsuperuser
python manage.py runserver 8002
```

Gateway · gateway\ · 8000

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
uvicorn app.main:app --reload --port 8000
```

Frontend · frontend\ · 3000

```
npm install
npm run dev
```

Tip: run migrate on a fresh clone AND after pulling — skipping it causes 500s. Or just double-click run.bat.

START ORDER — EVERY TIME

Run it

- 1 PostgreSQL
- 2 MCP (9000)
- 3 Backend (8002)
- 4 Gateway (8000)
- 5 Frontend (3000)

Open the app

App	<code>http://localhost:3000</code>
API docs	<code>http://localhost:8002/api/docs/</code>
Health	<code>http://localhost:8000/health</code>
Login	<code>the superuser you created</code>